

Due: Friday, 04/02 at 10:00 PM
Grace period until Friday, 04/02 at 11:59 PM

Sundry

Before you start writing your final homework submission, state briefly how you worked on it. Who else did you work with? List names and email addresses. (In case of homework party, you can just describe the group.)

1 Cliques in Random Graphs

Consider the graph $G = (V, E)$ on n vertices which is generated by the following random process: for each pair of vertices u and v , we flip a fair coin and place an (undirected) edge between u and v if and only if the coin comes up heads. Now consider:

- What is the size of the sample space?
- A k -clique in graph is a set S of k vertices which are pairwise adjacent (every pair of vertices is connected by an edge). For example a 3-clique is a triangle. Let's call the event that S forms a clique E_S . What is the probability of E_S for a particular set S of k vertices?
- For two sets of vertices $V_1 = \{v_1, \dots, v_\ell\}$ and $V_2 = \{w_1, \dots, w_k\}$, are E_{V_1} and E_{V_2} independent?
- Prove that $\binom{n}{k} \leq n^k$.
- Prove that the probability that the graph contains a k -clique, for $k \geq 4\log n + 1$, is at most $1/n$. (The log is taken base 2). *Hint*: Apply the union bound and part (d).

2 Balls and Bins, All Day Every Day

Suppose n balls are thrown into n labeled bins one at a time, where n is a positive *even* integer.

- What is the probability that exactly k balls land in the first bin, where k is an integer $0 \leq k \leq n$?
- What is the probability p that at least half of the balls land in the first bin? (You may leave your answer as a summation.)
- Using the union bound, give a simple upper bound, in terms of p , on the probability that some bin contains at least half of the balls.

- (d) What is the probability, in terms of p , that at least half of the balls land in the first bin, or at least half of the balls land in the second bin?
- (e) After you throw the balls into the bins, you walk over to the bin which contains the first ball you threw, and you randomly pick a ball from this bin. What is the probability that you pick up the first ball you threw? (Again, leave your answer as a summation.)

3 Lie Detector

A lie detector is known to be $4/5$ reliable when the person is guilty and $9/10$ reliable when the person is innocent. If a suspect is chosen from a group of suspects of which only $1/100$ have ever committed a crime, and the test indicates that the person is guilty, what is the probability that he is guilty?

4 Flipping Coins

Consider the following scenarios, where we apply probability to a game of flipping coins. In the game, we flip one coin each round. The game will not stop until two consecutive heads appear.

- (a) What is the probability that the game ends by flipping exactly five coins?
- (b) Given that the game ends after flipping the fifth coin, what is the probability that three heads appear in the sequence?
- (c) If we change the rule that the game will not stop until three consecutive tails or three consecutive heads appear, what is the probability that the game stops by flipping at most six coins?

5 To Be Fair

Suppose you have a biased coin with $\mathbb{P}(\text{heads}) \neq 0.5$. How could you use this coin to simulate a fair coin? (*Hint*: Think about pairs of tosses.)